









#### AMBULANCE

## **Ambulance quality indicators**

Briefing for HOSCs on national indicators, SCAS approach and performance so far

Autumn 2011





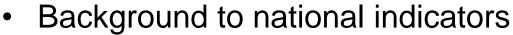






### Agenda









SCAS approach



Overview of SCAS performance



Areas for improvement







Areas of high performance



Questions



### **Background to national indicators**



#### New national approach



 Move from focus on time targets to culture of continuous improvement in clinical care



• A range of indicators rather than a few targets



 Indicators based on best available evidence and involvement of clinicians



Feedback from patients is key indicator of quality



 Each Trust to provide information and explanatory narrative – so that public can judge for themselves





### **Overview of national indicators**

Access Call answering times

Call abandonment rates

**Response** Time for response to arrive

for life-threatening emergency

first emergency response

health professional transporting vehicle

**Treatment** For patients with:

STEMI severe heart attack as coronary artery blocked

Cardiac arrest blood stops circulating due to heart malfunction

Stroke brain function compromised as blood supply disturbed

**Disposition** Calls resolved on telephone

Incidents handled on scene without need to go to hospital

plus recontact rates

Outcomes Patients suffering cardiac arrest arrive at hospital with a pulse

discharged alive from hospital



## **SCAS** approach



#### The national indicators ...





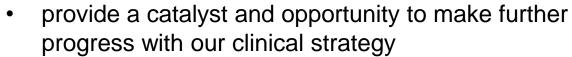
 are well aligned with our clinical strategy (HOSCs consulted on strategy last year)





 support our focus on clinical assessment and tailoring our response to individual patient needs











### **New Ambulance Quality Indicators**

#### **National indicators**

### Clinical strategy

Clinical care



Clinical assessment for each individual

**Patient experience** 



Personalised care based on individual needs

**Care pathways** 



Right care, right person, right time, right place

**Response times** 

#### Service model

Categorise call

Step 1

Step 2

**Assess individual needs** 

Step 3

**Treat or advise** 

Step 4

**Transfer or refer** 



## **Areas for improvement - access**

Indicator	Improvement plan	Timescale
Call answering  Time to answer call	Final stages of implementation for new computer aided dispatch (ICAD) and telephony systems in July and August Improvement plan agreed to ensure benefits of new systems are realised	Improvements expected from September In line with national average by end of 2011
Abandonment  Proportion of calls abandoned before being answered		Data available for September onwards In line with national average by end of 2011



## **Areas for improvement - response**

Indicator	Improvement plan	Timescale
"Time to treatment"  Time for a health professional to reach the scene of a patient with a life or limb threatening condition	Operational management restructure to release more clinical 'road' time  This will enable better cover in rural areas where this indicator is a particular challenge due to longer journey times	Restructure in progress Improvements expected in early 2012



# **Areas for monitoring**

Indicator	Numbers	Monitoring / improvement
STEMI care bundle Proportion of cardiac patients who received all elements of the optimal care package	40 patients	Sample size too small for benchmarking as yet
ROSC for Utstein group Proportion of patients whose cardiac arrest was witnessed and arrived at hospital with a pulse		SCAS is continuing work to improve performance in these areas  SCAS will reassess its
Survival to discharge for Utstein group Proportion of patients whose cardiac arrest was witnessed and survived to leave hospital alive	10 patients	



## **SCAS** performing very well



**A8** 

Emergency response on scene within 8 minutes of call being received for patient with life or limb threatening condition





Stroke care bundle

Proportion of stroke patients who received all elements of the optimal care package







**Frequent callers** 

Proportion of callers for whom we have a locally agreed care plan in place (particularly relevant for frequent callers)







